#### BOARD'S REPORT

To the Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in submitting 23<sup>rd</sup> Annual Report of the Company together with the Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS:

The Company's financial performance for the year under review along with previous years figures are given hereunder:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019
Total Revenue	9,43,394	14,107
Expenditure	56,08,972	18,23,393
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	(46,65,578)	(18,09,286)
Less: Tax Expenses	13,62,608	3,38,435
Profit / (Loss) after Tax	(33,07,400)	(14,70,851)

#### DIVIDEND:

Your Directors are unable to recommend any dividend for the year ended 31.03.2020.

#### TRANSFER TO RESERVES:

No amount has been transferred to Reserves.

#### TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCTION AND PROTECTION FUND:

The provisions of Section 125(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply as there was no dividend declared and paid last year.

#### REVIEW OF BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS:

Your Directors wish to present the details of Business operations done during the year under review.

Total Revenue is Rs. 9.43 Lakhs during the current year as compared to Rs. 0.14 Lakhs that of the previous year.

Loss for the year is Rs. (33.07) Lakhs as compared to the same of Rs. (14.70) Lakhs of the previous year.

#### CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS:

There is no change in the nature of the business of the company in the review period.

# MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO WHICH THIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT:

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the ends of the financial year to which these financial statements relate on the date of this report

#### PERFORMANCE OF SUBSIDIARY[S], JOINT VENTURE[S] AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

The Company does not have any Subsidiary or Joint Venture or Associate company.

#### DEPOSITS:

The Company has neither accepted nor renewed any Deposits during the year under review to which the provisions of the Companies [Acceptance of Deposits] Rules, 2014 applies.

#### DETAILS OF DIRECTORS OR KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

There is no change on the Board of Directors of the Company during the year under review.

#### EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:

Extract of the Annual Return is given in Annexure - A.

# PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS MADE UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

Loans, guarantee and investment covered under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 form part of the notes to the financial statements provided in this Annual Report.

#### SHARE CAPITAL:

During the year under review, the Authorised Share Capital of the Company increased from Rs. 10 Lakhs to Rs. 40 lakhs.

During the year under review, the Company has issued 3,25,000 equity shares of the face value of Rs. 10/each at the premium of Rs. 190/- per Share to its Holding Company viz. 20 Microns Nano Minerals Limited.

#### PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS MADE WITH RELATED PARTIES:

The information relating to Related Party Transaction is furnished in Annexure - B to this Report.

# EXPLANATION OR COMMENTS ON QUALIFICATIONS, RESERVATIONS OR ADVERSE REMARKS OR DISCLAIMERS MADE BY THE AUDITORS AND THE PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY IN THEIR REPORTS:

There was no qualification, reservations or adverse remarks made by the Auditors in their report. The provisions relating to submission of Secretarial Audit Report is not applicable to the Company.

# COMPANY'S POLICY RELATING TO DIRECTORS APPOINTMENT, PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION AND DISCHARGE OF THEIR DUTIES:

The provisions of Section 178(1) relating to constitution of Nomination and Remuneration Committee are not applicable to the Company and hence the Company has not devised any policy relating to appointment of Directors, payment of Managerial remuneration, Directors qualifications, positive attributes, independence of Directors and other related matters as provided under Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### 13. NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS CONDUCTED DURING THE YEAR UNDER REVIEW :

During the Financial Year 2019-20, the Board of Directors met 5 [five] times, which is summarized in below table and the intervening gap between two meetings was within the period prescribed under Section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with Rules made there under.

Further, the status of attendance of Board Meeting by each of Director is as follows --

S. No.	Date of Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1.	30.04.2019	3	2
2.	30.06.2019	3	2
3.	30.09.2019	3	2
4,	31.12.2019	3	2
5.	11.03.2020	3	2

S. No.	Name of Director	Number of Board meetings entitled to attend	Number of Board meetings attended
1.	Mr. Chandresh S. Pankh	5	(4)
2	Mr. Rajesh C. Parikh	5	3
3.	Mr. Atil C. Parikh	5	3

#### 14. Details in Respect of Frauds Reported By Auditors Under Section 143 (12) other Than Those Which Are Reportable To The Central Government:

There were no frauds as reported by the Statutory Auditors under sub-section 12 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with Rules made there-under other than those which are reportable to the Central Government.

#### DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Board hereby submit its responsibility Statement.—

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures.
- (b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- (c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis, and
- (e) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### COMPLIANCE OF SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

As per requirements of provisions of Section 118[10] read with SS9 of Secretarial Standards 1, the Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards.

#### COST RECORDS:

The provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 pertaining to Cost Records are not applicable to the Company. Therefore the Company is not required to maintain Cost Records.

#### AUDITORS

M/s. N.C. Vaishnav & Co., Chartered Accountants, Vadodara, the Statutory Auditors of the Company, retires at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company and being eligible for re-appointment have expressed their willingness to continue. The Company has received a certificate from the Auditors that if they are reappointed, it would be in accordance with the provisions of Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Board recommends their re-appointment. Shareholders are requested to re-appoint the Auditors for Five Financial Years starting from 2019-20 and authorize the Board to fix their remuneration.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:

The Risk Management includes identifying types if risks and its assessment, risk handling and monitoring and reporting. The Company does not have any Risk Management Policy as the elements of risks threatening the Company's existence are very minimal.

#### INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTRIL:

The Company maintains adequate Internal Financial Control with reference to the Financial Statements.

#### VIGIL MECHANISM :

As per the provisions of Section 177[10] of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies [Meetings of Board and its Powers] Rules, 2014, Vigil Mechanism is applicable to the Company, which is Listed entity or which has accepted fixed deposits from public/shareholders or which has borrowed from Banks and public Financial Institutions in excess of Rs. 50 Crores. None of the criteria is applicable to the Company.

# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

There was nil Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earning and Outgo during the year under review.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

As per the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, CSR is applicable to the companies which has net profits of Rs. 5.00 Crore or more OR net worth of Rs. 500 Crore or more OR Turnover of Rs. 1000 Crore or more in the immediately preceding financial year. None of the criteria is applicable to the Company and accordingly CSR is not applicable to the Company.

#### SIGNIFICANT MATERIAL ORDER PASSED BY THE REGULATORS / COURTS :

During the year, no significant and material order has been passed by the Regulators or Courts.

# DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE [PREVENTION OF, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL] ACT, 2013

The Company has in place an ariti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at the workplace [Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal] Rules, 2013. All employees [permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees] are covered under this policy.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Your Directors place on record their sincere thanks to bankers, business associates, consultants, and various Government Authorities for their continued support extended to your Companies activities during the year under review. Your Directors also acknowledges gratefully the shareholders for their support and confidence reposed on your Company.

#### FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(Chandresh S. Parikh) Chairman

Harikh

Date: 05.05,2020

Place: Waghodia, Vadodara

Annexure - A

## Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on 31th March, 2020

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

#### L. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

1,	CIN	U74140GJ1997PTC031829
2.	Registration Date	03.03.1997
3.	Name of the Company	SILICATE MINERALS [I] PVT LTD
4.	Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Company Limited by Shares
5.	Address of the Registered office and contact details	347, GIDC Industrial Estate, Waghodia – 391 760 Dist. Vadodara
6.	listed company	No
7;	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent	CAMEO CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED Subramanian Building, No. 1, Club House Road, CHENNAI – 600 002 cameo@cameoindia.com Ph. # 044 2846 0390/0395

#### II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY:

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

SI. No.	Name and Description of main products / services		% to total turnover of the company
1	Other non-metallic Minerals - Silica minerals	23999	100%

# III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

Sr. No.	Name & Address of Company	CIN	Holding/Subsidiary/ Associate	No. of Shares held	Applicable Section
1	20 Microns Nano Minerals Limited 9-10, GIDC Industrial Estate, WAGHODIA – 391 760, Dist. Vadodara.	U15543GJ 1993 PLC 020540	Holding	12530	2[87]

# IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity): i) Category-wise Share Holding

	Category of Shareholders				ning of the	No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% Chang
		Total	Demet	Physical	% of Total Shares	Total	Demat	Physic al	% of Total Share s	e during the year
A	SHAREHOLDING OF PROMOTER AND PROMOTER GROUP									-
1.	INDIAN									
a	INDIVIDUALS/HINDU UNDIVIDED FAMILY	03	03	0	0.03	63	03	a	0.03	Đ
b.	CENTRAL GOVERNMENT/ STATE GOVERNMENT(S)					120				
c.	BODIES CORPORATE	12527	12527	-0	99.97	12527	12527	0	99.97	0
d.	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS: BANKS				je.		,	_		

Ð.	ANY OTHER		14	¥.	[2]	80	7	=:	- 2	-
-		-							100.0	
	SUB - TOTAL (A)(1)	12530	12530	0	100.00	12530	12530	0	0	0
2	FOREIGN	3		E:	- 1	06		e:	: 63	e:
ā	INDIVIDUALS (NON- RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS/ FOREIGN INDIVIDUALS)		9		3.5		2	7.		9
	BODIES									
b.	CORPORATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C,	INSTITUTIONS		5.7	*:	(5)	253	5	=:	5	5.5
	QUALIFIED FOREIGN									
đ.	INVESTOR	3	1.5	蓋	133	U.S.		±:		
ē,	ANY OTHER	- 3						÷:	: 6	-
	SUB - TOTAL (A)(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL SHARE HOLDING OF PROMOTER AND PROMOTER GROUP (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	12530	12530	0	100.00	12530	12530	0	100.0	0
В	PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING									
4					124		-			2
1.	INSTITUTIONS			-		16	ř.			-
a. b.	MUTUAL FUNDS/UTI FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS/ BANKS	3	1.5	환	15A	(E)	E1	===		
c	CENTRAL GOVERNMENT/ STATE GOVERNMENT(S)			2	- S1	)S)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	12	- 2
d.	VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDS		5.83		(#)	253		-		23
Ð.	INSURANCE COMPANIES	-		£.	120	883		=:	- /4	1.
f.	FOREIGN INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS	9	=	<b>2</b> 3	<b>19</b>	063	Ē:	÷:	16	-
g.	FOREIGN VENTURE CAPITAL	ą	:=	=	121	iei,	Ē.	=	1.5	-

	INVESTORS									
h.	QUALIFIED FOREIGN INVESTOR	9	·	4	-	(16)	E :		:6	
l	ANY OTHER	5	4	Ξ.	- 4	169	i.		1.6	-
	SUB - TOTAL (B)(1)		3.5	*:	₹.	3.83	1:2:	-	52	5.5
2	NON-INSTITUTIONS	3	-	-	- 4	165	-	=	-	=
3				£:	÷ 1	2	£:	=	F	5
b.	INDIVIDUALS -									
	I INDIVIDUAL SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING NOMINAL SHARE CAPITAL UPTO RS. 1 LAKH			<b>3</b> 2.		222	140		34.	=:
	II INDIVIDUAL SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING NOMINAL SHARE CAPITAL IN EXCESS OF RS. 1 LAKH		(#)	<b>.</b>	530		5	<b>.</b>	355	25
č.	GUALIFIED FOREIGN INVESTOR			-	120		-	=:		
d.	ANY OTHER	3		+	=	()e	-	÷		-
	SUB - TOTAL (B)(2)									
	TOTAL PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING (B) = (B)(1)+(B)(2)		32	2.	37		2	=		2
	TOTAL (A)+(B)	12530	00	12530	100	12530	12530	00	100	00
c	SHARES HELD BY CUSTODIANS AND AGAINST WHICH DEPOSITORY RECEIPTS HAVE BEEN ISSUED									
	Promoter and Promoter Group	a	-	=	141	(E)		-	1.5	-
	Public	- 5		8			5	7.	- 15	.9

TOTAL CUSTODIAN (C)									
GRAND TOTAL (A)+(B)+(C)	12530	00	12530	100	12530	12530	0	100	0

# (ii) Shareholding of Promoters

		Shareho	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Share holding at the end of the year			
St N O	Shareholder's Name	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbers d to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbe red to total shares	change in share holding during the year	
1.	20 Microns Nano Minerals Limited	12527	99.97	00	12527	99.97	00	0	
2	Mr. Chandresh S. Parikh	1	0.01	00	1	0.01	00	0	
3.	Mr. Rajesh C. Parikh *	1	0.01	00	1	0.01	00	0	
4.	Mr. Atil C. Parikh *	1	0.01	00	1	0.01	00	.0	

<sup>&</sup>quot; = Holding as the Nominee[s] of 20 Microns Nano Minerals Limited

# (iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

	700 0.00 0.00	ding at the of the year	500 Sec. 1985		
Name of the Share holder	No of shares	"% of total shares of the company	No of shares	% of total shares of the company	
20 Microns Nano Minerals Ltd.	12527	99.97	12527	99.97	

(Iv)Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

There were no other shareholders than Promoters.

# (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Shareholding at the	Cumulative	Shareholding at the
beginning	Shareholding	end
of the year	during the year	of the year

St. No.	Name of Directors & KMP	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/sweat equity etc):	No of shares increase /decrease	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
1	Mr. Chandresh S. Parikh	4	0.01	NA	NIL	1	0,01	1	0.01
2	Mr. Rajesh C. Parikh *	1	0.01	NA :	NIL	1	0.01	1	0.01
3	Mr. Alil C. Parikh *	1	0.01	NA	NIL	1	0.01	1	0.01

<sup>\* =</sup> Holding as the Nominee of 20 Microns Nano Minerals Limited

# V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

	Secured Loans	Unsecured	Deposits	Total
	excluding deposits	Loans		Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year	7-			
i) Principal Amount	*	(3)	¥3	-
ii) Interest due but not paid	- 2	325	25	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	±	(31)	±1	=
Total (I+II+III)		30	÷:	F:
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
- Addition		66729816	¥:	66729816
- Reduction	Ŧ	(4)	¥3	==
Net Change		66729816		66729816
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	÷	31		I Fo
ii) Interest due but not paid iii) Interest accrued but not due	==	3293472	¥1	3293472

Total (I+II+III)	98	3293472	±:	3293472	l

#### VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. REMUNERATION TO MANAGING DIRECTOR, WHOLE-TIME DIRECTORS AND/OR MANAGER: The Company has not appointed any Managing Director, Whole Time Directors and/or Manager during FY 2019-20

B. REMUNERATION TO OTHER DIRECTORS:

Particulars of Remuneration	Mr. Chandresh Parikh	Mr. Rajesh Parikh	Mr. Atil Parikh	Total Amount
1. Independent Directors	0	0	0	0
Fee for attending board / committee meetings	0	0	0	0
Commission	0	0	0	0
Others, please specify	0	0	0	0
Total (1)	0	0	.0	0
2. Other Non-Executive Directors				
Fee for attending board / committee meetings	20,000	15,000	15,000	50,000
Commission	0			0
Others, please specify	0			0
Total (2)	20,000	15,000	15,000	50,000
Total (B)=(1+2)	20,000	15,000	15,000	50,000
Total Managerial Remuneration		2	12	
Overall Ceiling as per the Act	# :		*	1

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD The company has not appointed any Key Managerial Personnel during Financial Year 2019-20.

## VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

There were no penalties/punishment/compounding of offences for the year ending March 31, 2020.

# Form NO. AOC-2

(Pursuant to Clause (h) of sub section (3) of section 134 of the act and Rule 8/2 of the Companies
Accounts Rules, 2014)

DETAILS REGARDING RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

AS PER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTON 188 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 315T MARCH 2020

- 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: NIL
- 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis: NIL

and a contract of Property Company of the company of	Nature of	#FOREITE COMPRESS SANCTONES OF	Duration of	Salient Terms	Amount
Name of Related Party	relationship	Type of Transaction	Contract	Salient rerms	in Rs.
20 Microns Limited	Common Director and subsidiary of common holding company	Sale of Material	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	1,98,000
		Rent Paid	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	15.00.000
20 Microns Nano Minerals Limited	Holding Company	Interest Paid	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	32,88,865

<sup>\*</sup> Appropriate approvals have been taken for related party transactions.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(Chandresh S. Parikh)

Marika

Chairman

Date: 05.05.2020

Place: Waghodia, Vadodara

# SILICATE MINERALS (I) PRIVATE LIMITED

(Formerly known as Platy Minerals Private Limited)
347, GIDC Industrial Estate,
Waghodia,
Baroda - 391 760
Gujarat, India

# **Annual Booklet containing**

- \*Independent Auditors' report
- \* Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020
- \*Statement of Profit and loss for the year ended on March 31, 2020
- Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 2020
- \* Certificate u/s 115JB in Form 29B

Auditors: N C Vaishnav & Co. Chartered Accountants 2, Maruti Flats, 31, Haribhakti Colony Race Course Circle Baroda - 390 007 Gujarat, India

# Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited

(Formerly known as Platy Minerals Private Limited) Financial Year 2019-20

CIN - U74140GJ1997PTC031829

Sr. No.	Contents of Annual Report
1.00	Auditors' Report
2.00	Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020
3.00	Statement of Profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2020
4.00	Cash Flow Statement
5.00	Notes to Financial Statements
5.01	Corporate Information
5.02	Significant Accounting Policies
5.03	Intangible Assets
5.04	Investments
5.05	Financial Assets - Non Current
5.06	Other Non-Current Assets
5.07	Cash & Cash Equivalents
5.08	Other Financial Assets - Current
5.09	Other Current Assets
5.10	Equity Share Capital
5.11	Other Equity
5.12	Deferred Tax Assets / Liabilities
5.13	Trade Payables
5.14	Other Financial Liabilities
5.15	Other Current Liabilities
5.16	Provisions
5.17	Other Income
5.18	Cost Of Raw Materials & Components Consumed
5.19	Finance Costs
5.20	Other Expenses
5.21	Earning Per Share
5.22	Auditor's Remuneration
5.23	Disclosure For Dues From MSMEs
5.24	Capital Management
5.25	Financial Instruments - Additional Disclosures
5.26	Related Parties Transactions



 Maruti Flats, 31, Haribhakti Colony, Race Course Circle; Vadodara - 390007

Tel.: +91 (265) 2357 339 www.ncvalshnav.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# TO THE MEMBERS OF SILICATE MINERALS (I) PRIVATE LIMITED

# Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2020, the statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement Of Changes in Equity and the Statement Of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Financial Statements)

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesald financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and giver a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules theraunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Reporting of key audit matters as per SA 701, Key Audit Matters is not applicable to the Company as it is an unlisted company.

# Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.





In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

if, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibility of Management for Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and essess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act. 2013, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement Of Changes in Equity and Statement Of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>St</sup> March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and operative effectiveness of such controls, as the company is a private limited company with turnover less than rupees fifty crores as per latest audited financial statements and also has aggregate borrowings from banks and financial institutions or any body corporate of less than rupees twenty five crores at any point of time during the financial year corporate, we are not required to separately report on the same as per MCA notification G.S.R. 464(E) dated June 5, 2015 as amended on June 13, 2017.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
  - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the company is not a public company hence provision of section 197 of the Act is not applicable to the company.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its IND AS financial position.
  - The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts, for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - The company is not required to transfer any amount to Investors Education Funds, as required under the provisions of sub section (2) of Section 125 of the Companies Act. 2013 and there is no delay on this account.

For N. C. Vaishnav & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN - 112712W

CA. Jayesh Mehta

Partner

M. No. 037267 Place – Vadodara

Date - May 5, 2020

UDIN: 20037267AAAABW5311



# ANNEXURE - A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our Independent Auditor's Report, of even date, to the members of Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited on Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2020)

Statement as referred to in Para 3 of the Auditor's Report of even date of Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited for the year ended on March 31, 2020.

- The Company did not have any fixed assets other than Mining Lease Rights for mines under development and has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of the asset.
- The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not material.
- According the information and explanations given to us, in respect of unsecured loans granted by the company to bodies corporate covered under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013:
  - (a) The terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are, in our opinion, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
  - (b) The schedule of repayment of principal has not been stipulated but interest payment was found regular as stipulated.
  - (c) There is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the year-end.
- 4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- According to information and explanation given to us. The company has not accepted any deposit as defined under Section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder.
- According to the information and explanation given to us, the company is not required to maintain cost records in accordance with the provision of subsection (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act. 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 and amendment therein from time to time.
- According to information and explanations given to us, in respect of the statutory dues:
  - a. The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities, undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund. Investor Education and Protection Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods & Services Tax, Wealth Tax, Custom Duty, cess and any other statutory dues as applicable and there are no arrears outstanding as at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.





- b. There are no disputed dues in respect of Income-tax / Sales-tax / Wealth tax / Service tax / Custom duty / Excise duty / Goods & Services Tax / cess pending before any Forum.
- There were no outstanding loans, borrowings from a financial institution, banks, government and also no outstanding dues to debenture holders at any time during the year.
- In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, we report that the company has not availed any term loan.
- To the best of our knowledge and belief, and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- As the company is not a public limited company, provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to it.
- 12. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the CARO 2016 is not applicable.
- 13. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us the company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties.
- 14. During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of CARO 2016 is not applicable to the Company.
- 15. According to information and explanation given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or directors of its holding, subsidiaries or associate Company or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.

 The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For N. C. Vaishnav & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN – 112712W

CA. Jayesh Mehta

Partner

M. No. 037267 Place – Vadodara

Date - May 5, 2020

UDIN: 20037267AAAABW5311

## Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited

(Formerly known as Pluty Minerals Private Limited)

#### Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020

	Particulars	Note	As at March 31,	As at March 31,	As at April 1
	PRETACULARS	1949#	2020	2019	2018
	Assets				
	1 Non-current Assets		1 Sans VII. 12	concours.	
	a. intangible Assets	5.03	5,15,040	5,15,040	5,81,040
	b. Financial Assets			175 - 55 - 55	
	Towestments	5:04	94,33,200	94,96,800	90,65,400
	Other Financial Assets	5.05	1,63,261	3,70,261	1.54,711
	Deferred Tax Asset	5.12	28,234		
	Omer Non-Current Americ	5.05	3,86,95,000	1,86,95,000	8.95,50
			4,88,34,735	4,90,77,101	1,04,96,151
	2 Current Assets				
	a inventories		2 14 02 911	2.13,40,281	58.81,03
	b. Financial Assets			112211-2	
	Cash and cash equivalents	5.07	72,839	75.358	11,79
	Trude Receivables		2,07,900	1 + 1	
	Other Financial Assets	5.08	77,185	3.315	95
	<ul> <li>Other Current Assets</li> </ul>	5.09	1,54,57,357	1,57,60,693	1,99,11
	The state of the s		3,72,18,162	3,71,79,647	62,93,06
	Yotal		8,60,52,897	8.62,56.748	1,67,69,21
tt	Equities & Liabilities				
	1 Equity				
	Troony Share Capital	5.10	1.25.100	3.25,500	1,25,30
	b. Other Equity	5.11	15,74,972	48,21,321	50,70,41
			17,00,272	50,53,621	61,95,71
	Liabilities				
	2 Non-Current Liabilities		ľ	D 1	
	c. Financial Liabilities			0.000	TOWER
	Deffered Tay Subilities	5,12	0.00	T8,49810	15,85,59
			3.	13,49,810	15,85,59
	3 Current Liabilities				
	a: Financial Calbilities		N. N. Carrier		Total Interest
	Trade Payatiles	5.13	174,13.321	1,60,87,577	68,00,50
	a) sotal outstanding dues of micro				
	enterprises and small	1		1	
	enterprines				
	to seral existancing does of creditors other			40000000000	Total pass and
	Brien micro		17413.321	1.60.87,977	64,06.50
	enterprises and private enterprises	275	939344	200000	F-0-40
	Other Financial Liabilities	5.14	1,177,767,707	2.55,750	50.00
	b. Other Coment Liabilities	5.15		6,34,69,840	21,30,40
	c. Provision	5,16		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	39.00
			8,43,52,626	7,58,53,317	90,07,90
	Total	1	8,60,52,897	8,62.56,748	1,67,89,21

Significant Accounting Policies Notes referred to above form an integral part of the As per our audit report of even date attached

Charles

For N C Vaishney & Co. Chartered Accountants

FRN - 112712W

CA. Jayesh Mehaz Partner M. No. - 37267

Place - Vadodara Date - May 5, 2020 For and on behalf of the board of Silicate Minerals (I) Pvt. Ltd.

Chandenstr S. Parikh

Director DIN 00041584

Place - Vadodara Date - May 5, 2020

Rajesh C. Parikh Director

DIN 00041516

# Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited

(Formerly known as Platy Minerals Private Limited)

# Statement of Profit and loss for the year ended on March 31, 2020

(Figures In Rupees)

	2.0 %	27	As at March 31st,	As at March 31st,
	Particulars	Note -	2020	2019
	Income			
Ш	i Revenue from Operations		1,98,000	¥
Т	i Other Income	5.17	7,45,394	14.107
	Total Reveune		9,43,394	14,107
	Expenses	E1.500	Array and array	
Т	Cost of Raw Material & Components Consumed	5.18	1,32,974	ST COMPANY
Т	ii Finance costs **	5,19	33,03,159	180
	ii Other expenses	5.20	21,72,840	18,23,213
Т	Total Expenses		56,08,972	18,23,393
	South Atlanta before you to 21		(46,65,578)	(18,09,286)
	Profit / (loss) before tax [1-2] Tax Expenses		(40,03,370)	[10,03,200]
1	Current tax			
н	ii Current tax (Prior Period Adjustment)	1 1	2.215	
Т	iii Deffered Tax (Liabilities) / Assets ***		13.60.393	3,38,435
П	Profit after tax		(33,07,400)	(14,70,851)
Т	SOFTIN THE SOFT	1 1		- Andrekses
	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
1	A. (i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or	1 1		
ı	Loss		- 1	
П	Fair Valuation Gain / Losses On Investments In		(63,600)	4,31,400
П	Equity Shares		(02,000)	4,51,140
	(ii) Income Tax related items that will not be	1	17,651	(1,02,647)
ı	reclassified to profit or loss.		100000	1000000
ı	B. (i) Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss			
П	(ii) Income Tax related items that will be reclassified			
1	to profit or loss.	1 1		
- 1	to provide on these			
- 1	Total Other Comprehensive Income		(45,949)	3,28,753
	Total Comprehensive Income		(33,53,349)	(11,42,098)
-				
П	Earnings per share (' per share)	5.21	0.00	2000
	Başic		(263.96)	(91.15)
- 1	Diluted		(263.96)	(91.15)

Significant Accounting Policies

Notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For N C Vaishnav & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN - 112712W

CA. Jayesh Mehta Partner

Partner M No - 37267 For and on behalf of the board of Silicate Minerals (I) Pvt. Ltd.

Chandresh S. Pariki Director DIN 00041584

Rajesh C. Parikh Director DIN 00041610

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stands at March 21, 2020			GT/A/PRE	XMX		16,11,000		1				TA. PARTY
		other State Suffer	- PETRAGETT	2.66.777		70,11,097						

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## Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited

Farmerly known at Platy Materials Private Limited)

Cash Flow Statement for the period ended on March 31, 2020

(Figures In Rupees)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the Year ended March 31, 2019
(A) Cash Flow From Operating Activities:-		
Nat Profit before Tax	(46,65,578)	(10.09.286)
Adjusted for		
Changes in Other Non Current Assets		(2,15,550)
Finance Costs Debited To Profit & Loss Account	33,03,159	160
Fair Value Adjustments To Investments		
Loss on sale of shares		
Remission of Credit Balances	(65.548)	
Remusion of Debit Balances	Up ill wheel	
Interest Income	(6.79,846)	
Allowance for expected credit loss		
Operating Profit before working capital changes	(21,07,614)	(20,24,656)
Changes in Working Capital:-		
Increase / Decrease in Covernt financial and other assets	1,63,722	(3,08,23,013
Increase / Decrease in Cument / Current financial and other	49,64,657	7.08.45.416
Liabilities / Provisions		
Cash Generated from Operation	26,20,765	3,79,97,746
Orrect Taxes Paid	24 24 24	2 70 07 747
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities(A)	26,20,765	3,79,97,746
(B) Cash Flow From Investing Activities:		(3,79,34,000
Purchase of Food Assets/ Advance for Field Assets. Interest Received	6.79.646	5,0,72,295,500
Sale of Investments	6,7,5,040	
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities(B)	6,79,846	(3,79,34,000
LC) Cash Flow From Financing Activities CO		
Long Term Borrowings (Net)		
Payment of Borrowings		
Proceeds from barrowings	I MODELLE TO A COLUMN TO A COL	
Finance Costs incorred	(33,03,15%)	(180
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities(C)	(33,03,159)	(180
Net Cash & Cash Equivalents/A-B-C)	(2,546)	63,566
Cash and cash equivalents - opening balance	75,357	11,291
Cash and cash equivalents - closing balance	72,809	75,357
Notes:		
<ol> <li>Lish and Cash Equivalents comprise of:</li> </ol>		
Cath on hand		
Balance with achediated banks	77,000	70 404
- Current Accounts .	72,809	75,358 75,358

As per our audit report of even date attached

For N C Vaishnay & Co. Chartered Accountants

FRN - 112712W

CA. Jayesh Mehta Partner

M. No. - 37267 Place - Vadodara

Date - May 5, 2020

For and on behalf of the board of Silicate Minerals (I) Pvt. Ltd.

Chandresh 5. Parikh Director DIN 00041584

Place - Vadodara Date - May 5, 2020 Rajesh C. Parikh Director

DIN 00041610

# 5.01 Corporate Information

"Silicate Minerals (i) Private Limited" formerly known as "Platy Minerals Private Limited" was incorporated on Third day of March Nineteen Ninety seven under the Companies Act, 1956 as a private limited company.

Company is mainly engaged in the business of manufacturing and trading of minerals. It has acquired mining lease rights from the Andhra Pradesh government and will start mining activity after regulatory legal approvals are obtained.

The reporting currency is Indian Ruperes (INR) and amounts are rounded off to the nearest decimals thereof.

# 5.02 Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies applied by the Company in the preparation of its financial statements are listed below. Such accounting policies have been applied consistently to all the periods presented in these financial statements unless otherwise indicated.

# 1. Statement Of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, as amended from time to time.

# 2. Basis of Preparation

Financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair values under the guidance from Ind AS.

Fair value is the price that would be received on sell of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

A summary of important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out hereunder.

# 3. Use of Estimates and critical accounting judgements

In preparation of the financial statements, the Company makes judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and the associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

Significant judgements and estimates relating to the carrying values of assets and liabilities include useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, impairment of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investments, other provisions, recoverability of deferred tax assets, commitments and contingencies.

Difference between the actual result and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known / materialized.

# 4. Mining Lease Right

Company has acquired mining lease rights under agreement with the state government of Andhra Pradesh ("government").

The costs of mining properties and leases, during exploration and evaluation stage, which include the costs of acquiring and developing mining properties and mineral rights, are capitalized as property, plant and equipment under the heading 'Mining Lease Rights' in the year in which they are incurred. Until the company receives approval from the government for mining, these assets are classified as capital work in progress. During this exploration and evaluation stage, mining expenditure is subjected to impairment review on an event of indication of impairment and any impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss prior to stage of reclassification (from capital work in progress to cost of mining property)

After the approval is received from the government for mining, all expenditure incurred till that stage is transferred from capital work in progress and capitalized. The same is amortized on straight line method over a period of mining lease agreement with the government.

Mining property, within the period of mining lease agreement, is subjected to annual impairment review. Any impairment loss is immediately recognized in profit and loss.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred prior to obtaining the mining right or the legal right to explore are expensed as incurred.

Exploration expenditure includes all direct and allocated indirect expenditure associated with finding specific mineral resources which includes depreciation and applicable operating costs of related support equipment and facilities and other costs of exploration activities:

- Acquisition costs costs associated with acquisition of licenses and rights to explore, including related professional fees.
- (ii) General exploration costs costs of surveys and studies, rights of access to properties to conduct those studies (e.g., costs incurred for environment clearance, defense clearance, etc.), and salaries and other expenses of geologists, geophysical crews and other personnel conducting those studies.

(iii) Costs of exploratory drilling and equipping exploratory and appraisal wells.

#### 5. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### i. Financial assets:

#### Cash & Bank Balances

This includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term deposits which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and have maturities of less than one year from the date of such deposits. These balances with banks are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

## Financial Assets at amortized cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

# Financial Assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within business model whose objective is to hold these assets for either –

- to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding or
- (ii) to sell these financial assets.

The Company in respect of equity investments (other than in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) which are not held for trading has made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of such.

equity investments. Such an election is made by the Company on an instrument by instrument basis at the time of initial recognition of such equity investments.

## Financial Assets at fair value through profit & loss

Financial assets which do not fall in either amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income categories as above, are measured at fair value through profit & loss.

# Impairment of financial asset

Loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognized for financial assets measured at amortized cost.

The Company recognizes life time expected credit losses for all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction.

# De-recognition of financial assets

The Company de-recognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the assets and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

# ii. Financial Liabilities and equity instruments:

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

## Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Financial Liabilities

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method where the time value of money is significant.

Borrowings (secured / unsecured) are measured initially as at fair value, net of transaction costs, and subsequently at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method where the time value of money is significant.

# De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company de-recognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

# iii. Offsetting Financial Instruments:

Financial Assets & Liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## 6. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs comprise direct materials and, where applicable, overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the price at which the inventories can be realised in the normal course of business after allowing for the cost of marketing, selling and distribution.

The costs of inventories of items purchased that are not ordinarily interchangeable and can be identified specifically with outward supplies are assigned by using specific identification of their individual costs.

Costs of inventories other than those can be specifically identified in the outward supplies are determined using First-In-First-Out cost formula.

Impairment provision is recognized item wise, for obsolete and slow moving items based on historical experience of utilization.

# 7. Prior Period Errors

Certain material prior period errors relating to fair valuation of investments in equity shares of an unlisted company – DMC Pvt. Ltd. and that related to recognition of deferred tax asset on carried forward losses under the Income Tax Law – were rectified with retrospective restatement of balance sheets as on April 1, 2018 and March 31, 2019, Statement Of Profit & Loss including Comprehensive Income, Statement Of Changes In Equity and Statement Of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2019 Impact on respective line items in the financial statements affected by such rectification as compared to the audited financial statements of previous years have been tabulated below:

Particulars	01.04.2018	31.03.2019
Investments	Increased By ₹ 84,65,400	Increased By ₹88,96,800
Retained Earnings (Net Of Deferred Tax Impact)	Increased By ₹ 1,49,515	Increase By ₹ 3,38,435
Net Profit / (Loss) For The Year		Loss Decreased By ₹ 3,38,435
Other Comprehensive Income (Net Of Deferred Tax)	Increased By ₹ 67,30,287	Increased By ₹ 3,28,753
Deferred Tax Liabilities	Increased By ₹ 15,85,598	Increased By ₹ 13,49,810

# 8. Employee Benefits

At present company does not have any employees and therefore no employee benefit expenses have been incurred.

# 9. Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits which can be reliably estimated.

Each provision is based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are measured on a discounted basis.

Constructive obligation is an obligation that derives from an entity's actions where:

- by an established pattern of past practice, published policies or a sufficiently specific current statement, the entity has indicated to other parties that it will accept certain responsibilities and;
  - As a result, the entity has created a valid expectation on the part of those parties that will discharge those responsibilities.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. A contingent asset is neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

A provision for onerous contracts is recognised when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations

under the contract. The provision is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Company recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

#### Movements In Provisions:

Particulars	2019-20
Opening Balance	38,750
Provisions Made During The Year	42,500
Amounts utilized during the year	38,750
Earlier provisions (unused) reversed during the year	
Closing Balance	42,500

#### 10. Income Taxes

As there are no taxable profits under the provisions of Indian Income Tax Act, no current tax provision has been recognized.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet asset / liability method. No Deferred tax liability has been recognized as there are no differences between assets and liabilities as per the balance sheet and the corresponding tax base.

Under IND AS 12, A deferred tax asset is to be recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilized. As the management has a definite business revival plan and expects start making cash profits from the next financial year (2020-21), deferred tax asset in respect of past accumulated losses under Indian Income Tax law has been recognized.

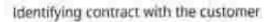
### 11. Revenue Recognition

(a)

The Company earns revenue primarily from selling fertilizers, construction chemicals and minerals.

For the principal revenue earning activity, i.e. selling of above products, company recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or service.

As stated in IND AS 115, company follows five steps approach to recognition of revenue from its' principal revenue earning activities:



#### Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

- (b) Identifying performance obligations in the contract
- (c) Determining transaction price
- (d) Allocation of transaction price to performance obligations in the contract
- (e) Recognition of revenue on satisfaction of performance obligation

As stated before, revenue recognition event is transfer of goods to the customer. Goods are transferred (to indicate satisfaction of performance obligation) when customer obtains control of the goods. Recognition of revenue is at the point of time customer obtains the control of goods. Following major indicators of customer obtaining control of goods are used for this purpose:

- (a) Company has present right to payment for the goods
- (b) Customer has legal title to the goods transferred.
- (c) Customer has physically obtained possession of goods.
- (d) Significant risks and rewards associated with the ownership of the goods rest with the customer.
- (e) Customer has accepted the goods:

Dividend Income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is accrued on a time proportion basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and effective interest rate applicable.

# 12. Borrowing Costs

There are no borrowings by the company during the current year or in the previous years. Hence, no borrowing costs have been incurred.



# Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited Financial Year 2019-20

5.03	Particulars	31-03-2020	31-03-2019
-	Mining Rights (CWIP)		
	Opening Balance	5,15,040	3,81,040
Add:	Additions during the year		1,34,000
Add:	Transfer to Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)		120
Less:	Disposals during the year		100
Less:	Impairment		40
Less	Amortisation		×
	Carrying value	5,15,040	5,15,040



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	Total	94,51,249	34,94,946	NUMBER OF

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Total	3,84,91,408	3,44,11,000	6,85,600

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- 1		Total	F1.694	76.818	11.211

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	Reference and Databasy Authorities		98181	3,316	346
	Great Schools		3699		
		Total	95,145	3,319	960

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	Nambers	Rajees	Number	Bigness
the Department of Personal Control	12.500	125.00	10,500	Spenie
College (in a control the control	12100	1,25,000	10330	1,01,000

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7 1	have	1,64,888	2 56,790	31,015

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Advances Frank Consumpti		4,67,26,916	EJERTINO	23,16400
	Table	8,41,28,816	6.54,59,640	21,75480

1.18	freeigne	No at March 21, 2008	Acres 14,7819	Arr. April 1, 3018
	Province for superior	42,500	36790	muni
	Tin	42,500	38,798	33,000

# Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited

(Formerly known as Plany Minerals Private Camiled) Financial Year 2019-20

# Notes to Financial Statements as on March 31, 2020

(Figures in Rupees)

and the same of th		For The Year Ended		
Other income		31.03.2020	31.03.2019	
Interest Income Revenue Of Escess Provisions		\$,79,646	9,500	
Remission of Oredit and Debit Balances		65,548	4,607	
	Other income	7,45,394	14,107	

	For The Year Ended		
Cost of Raw Material and Components Consumed	31,03,2020	31,03,2019	
Inventories at the beginning of the period	2,13,40,281	58.81,015	
Add-Purchases	1,95,604	1,54,59,266	
Less- Inventories at the end of the period	2.14,02,911	2,13,40,281	
Cost of Raw Material and Components Consumed	1,32,974	-	

119 Finance Costs		For The Year Ended		
Finance Costs		31.03.2020	31.03.2019	
Other Borrowing Cost		33,03,159	180	
	Total Finance Costs	33,03,159	180	

5.20		For The Year Ended		
5.20 Other Expenses		31.03.2020	31.03.2019	
Manufacturing Expenses		17,90,130	15,89,367	
Administrative Expenses		3.82,710	1,43,626	
Selling & Distribution Expenses			90,000	
	Total	21,72,840	18,23,213	



# Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited (Formerly known as Platy Minerals Private Limited) Financial Year 2019-20

# Notes to Financial Statements as on March 31, 2020

# Other additional information to the financial statements

(Figures In Rupees)

Earnings per share	As on	Date
	31.03.2020	31.3,2019
Profit after tax	(33,07,400)	(11,42,098) Nos
Weighted average number of Ordinary Shares for Basic EPS	12,530	12,530
Weighted average number of Ordinary Shares for Diluted - EPS Nominal value of Ordinary Shares (3)	12,530	12,530
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Ordinary Share (5)	(263,96)	(91.15)

5.22 Auditors' Remuneration		As on	Date
- The Control of Contr		31.03.2020	31.3.2019
As statutory auditors		7,500	7,500
For Taxation matters		20,000	30,000
	Total	27,500	37,500

Disclosure for dues from MSMEs	As or	n Date	
	31.03.2020	31.3.2019	
Disclosure under MSMED Act, 2006 are provided as under for the year 2012	3-19 to the extent		
the company has received intimation from the suppliers regarding their sta	tus under the act.		
(1) Principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid in each supplier at the end of each accounting year (but due within due date as per MSMED Act)			
Principal amount due to Micro and Small Enterprise			
Interest Due On Above	₹:		
(2) Interest paid by the company in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the period	i i		
(3) Interest due and payable for the period of the delay (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period), but without adding interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006	*	,	
(4) Amount Of Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	*		
(5) Interest due and remaining payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the Small Enterprises			



## 5.24 Capital Management

The Company's capital management is intended to create value for shareholders by facilitating the meeting of long term and short-term goals of the Company.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business plan coupled with long term and short term strategic investment and expansion plans. The funding needs are met through equity and cash generated from operations and short-term unsecured borrowings from holding company and bank borrowings.

The Company monitors the capital structure based on net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Company. Net debt is derived by deducting cash and cash equivalents from gross debt.

At present, the company does not have any long term debt in it's capital structure.

Amount in ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Equity Share Capital	1,25,300	1,25,300
Other Equity	15,74,972	49,28,321
Total Equity	17,00,272	50,53,621
Long-term borrowings	· ·	¥
Gross Debt	+	
Total Capital	17,00,272	50,53,621

### 5.25 Financial Instruments - Additional Disclosures

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on balance sheet items that contain financial instruments.

The details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note to the financial statements.

## 1. Financial Assets & Liabilities

The following tables present the carrying value and fair value of each category of financial assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018.



As at March 31, 2020

Amounts in ₹

AS SE MAICH ST, EVEN				Militarita	110 5
Particulars	Amortised cost	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Fair value through profit and loss	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Financial assets:				:0	
Investments		94,33,200	+	94,33,200	94,33,200
Deposits (Non Current)	1,63,261	*	<u> </u>	1,63,261	1,63,261
Trade Receivables	2,07,900		*	2,07,900	2,07,900
Other Financial Assets (Current)	77,185		3	77,185	77,185
Cash & Cash equivalents	72,809	*	36	72,809	72,809
Total	5,21,155	94,33,200	0	99,54,355	99,54,355
Financial Liabilities					
Trade payables	1,74,13,321		-	1,74,13,321	1,74,13,321
Other financial	1,66,989			1,66,989	1,66,989
Provisions	42,500		- 4	42,500	42,500
Total	1,76,22,810	0	0	1,76,22,810	1,76,22,810

# As at March 31, 2019

# Amounts in ₹

Particulars	Amortised cost	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Fair value through profit and loss	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Financial assets:					
Investments	- 3	94,96,800	8	94,96,800	94,96,800
Deposits (Current)	3,70,261		=	3,70,261	3,70,261
Trade Receivables	- 3		ž.	-	
Cash & Cash equivalents	75,358			75,358	75,358
Balances with Statutory Authorities	3,315	2	-	3,315	3,315
Total	4,48,934	94,96,800		99,45,734	99,45,734
Financial Liabilities					SSHNAX

Particulars	Amortised cost	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Fair value through profit and loss	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Trade payables	1,60,87,977			1,60,87,977	1,60,87,977
Other financial liabilities	2,56,750	31	4	2,56,750	2,56,750
Provisions	38,750			38,750	38,750
Total	1,63,83,477	*	940	1,63,83,477	1,63,83,477

# As at April 1, 2018

## Amounts in ₹

Particulars	Amortised cost	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Fair value through profit and loss	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Financial assets:					
Investments		90,65,400	- 4	90,65,400	90,65,400
Deposits (Current)	1,54,711	17		1,54,711	1,54,711
Trade Receivables			343		//
Cash & Cash equivalents	11,791	-	-	11,791	11,791
Balances with Statutory Authorities	950	7		950	950
Total	1,67,452	90,65,400	0	92,32,852	92,32,852
Financial Liabilities					
Trade payables	66,08,501		-	68,08,501	68,08,501
Other financial flabilities	50,000			50,000	50,000
Provisions	39,000	190	- 3	39,000	39,000
Total	68,97,501		347	68,97,501	68,97,501

# 2. Fair Value Hierarchy

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3, as described below:

# Quoted prices in an active market (Level 1):

This level of hierarchy includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This category consists of investment in quoted equity shares.

# Valuation techniques with observable inputs (Level 2):

This level of hierarchy includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

# Valuation techniques with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

This level of hierarchy includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model did not based on assumptions that are supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

# As at March 31, 2020

Amounts in ?

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Investments	2.	100	94,33,200	94,33,200
Total	100	141	94,33,200	94,33,200

## As at March 31, 2019

Amounts in ₹

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Investments		-	94,96,800	94,96,800
Total			94,96,800	94,96,800

## As at April 1, 2018

Amounts in ₹

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Investments	- 2		90,65,400	90,65,400
Total			90,65,400	90,65,400

 Although, management uses its best judgement in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments, there are inherent limitations in any estimation technique. As such, fair value of financial instruments subsequent to the reporting dates may be different from the amounts reported at each reporting date.

# 3. Financial Risk Management

In the course of its business, the Company is exposed to various types of financial risks, which may adversely impact the fair value of its financial instruments. Company has a risk management policy which covers risks associated with the financial assets and liabilities.

The risk management policy is formulated internally and approved by the Board of Directors. The risk management framework aims to:

- Create a stable business planning environment by reducing the impact of various types of financial risks (stated below at length) on the Company's business plan.
- Achieve greater predictability to earnings by determining the financial value of the expected earnings in advance.

Company's exposure to each type of financial risk is described below.

#### I. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of any loss in future earnings, in realisable fair values or in future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in interest rates, equity price fluctuations and other unpredictable risks due to external factors beyond the control of company. Future specific market movements cannot be normally predicted with reasonable accuracy.

#### Interest rate risk

Presently, company is not exposed to interest rate risks as it does not carry any long term or short term debt which may have interest stipulation. As far as interest income is concerned, interest bearing financial asset, i.e., fixed deposit with bank, is at a fixed rate of interest. Hence, fluctuations in market interest rates due to interest rate cycles in economy do not affect interest income from fixed deposits. Thus, company is not exposed to interest rate variation risks for it's' interest income.

## Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is related to change in market reference price of investments in equity securities held by the Company. As company does not carry any equity instruments or investments with quoted market prices, it is not exposed to this type of risk.

#### Other Risk

Company has investment in shares of unlisted entity, DMC Pvt. Ltd. (DMC) of ₹ 6 lakhs (fair value as on 31.03.2020 - ₹ 94.33.200). At present, under a scheme of rearrangement with certain companies under the same management, DMC will be acquiring these companies during the financial year 2020-2021 with appointed date as April 1, 2019. After the approval from court and other legal procedures required to be completed under Companies Act, 2013, financials of DMC will be restated for the financial year 2019-20 (since appointed date is April 1, 2019) incorporating

CV considered (C)

therein, assets and liabilities of companies merging into it. At present, we have relied on the fair valuation report given by an approved valuer based on unaudited financial statements of DMC as on 31.03.2020 without incorporating effects of merger. Post merger, fair value of DMC shares as on 31.03.2020 based on redrawn financials for the year 2019-20, can be materially different than the fair value which we have adopted at present and as a result of change in fair value, amounts stated for investments, Other Comprehensive Income & Deferred Tax Liabilities in the audited financials as on March 31, 2020 could also change materially.

#### II. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising from counter-party failure to repay or service debt according to the contractual terms or obligations. Credit risk encompasses direct risk of default, risk of deterioration of credit worthiness and concentration risks.

Financial instruments that are subject to credit risk and concentration thereof, in case of company, principally consist of trade receivables, deposits, cash and cash equivalents, and other non-current balances with banks and others.

The carrying value of financial assets represents the maximum credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk was ₹ 1,39,68,319, ₹ 1,45,24,045 & ₹ 1,67,452 respectively as on March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 and April 1, 2018 being the total carrying value of Trade receivable, loan receivables, advances given for capital goods but goods have yet to be received against the same, balances with bank in current accounts and bank deposit. Details are as under:

Credit Risk	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18
Financial Assets - Non Current	1,63,261	3,70,261	1,54,711
Cash and cash equivalents	72,809	75,358	11,791
Trade Receivables	2,07,900	120	-
Other Financial Assets	77,185	3,315	950
Other Current Assets	1,34,47,164	1,40,75,111	
Total	1,39,68,319	1,45,24,045	1,67,452

## III. Liquidity Risk

The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements.

Liquidity risk implies risk of company not meeting its' financial obligations when they become due for payment.

Following table shows a maturity analysis of the anticipated cash flows for the Company's financial liabilities at their carrying values. Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

As at March 31, 2020		Amou	Amounts in ₹  Between More than		
Particulars	Carrying Value	Contractual Cash-flows	Less than one year	Between one to five year	More than five years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:					
Trade Payables	1,74,13,321	1,74,13,321	1,74,13,321		[ E
Other Financial Liabilities	1,66,989	1,56,989	1,66,989	5	
Provision For Expenses	42,500	42,500	42,500		
Total	1,76,22,810	1,76,22,810	1,76,22,810		79

As at March 31, 2019		Amounts in ₹			
Particulars	Carrying Value	Contractual Cash-flows	Less than one year	Between one to five year	More than five years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:					
Trade Payables	1,60,87,977	1,60,87,977	1,60,87,977	-	
Other Financial Liabilities	2,56,750	2,56,750	2,56,750	-	
Provision For Expenses	38,750	38,750	38,750		
Total	1,63,83,477	1,63,83,477	1,63,83,477		

As at April 1, 2018	Amounts in ₹				
Particulars	Carrying Value	Contractual Cash-flows	Less than one year	Between one to five year	More than five years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:					
Trade Payables	68,08,501	68,08,501	68,08,501		9
Other Financial Liabilities	50,000	50,000	50,000		-
Provision For Expenses	39,000	39,000	39,000		
Total	68,97,501	68,97,501	68,97,501		+

# 5.26 Related Parties Transactions

# (a) List Of Related Parties

5r	Name Of Related Parties	Nature Of Relationship					
1	20 Microns Limited	Ultimate Holding Company					
2	20 Microns Nano Minerals Limited	Holding Company					
3	20 Microns SDN BHD	Fellow Subsidiary Of Ultimate Holding Company					
4	20 Microns FZE	Fellow Subsidiary Of Ultimate Holding Company					
5	20 Microns Vietnam	Fellow Subsidiary Of Ultimate Holding					

# Silicate Minerals (I) Pvt. Ltd. Financial Year – 2019-20

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Sr	Name Of Related Parties	Nature Of Relationship Company				
6 20 MCC Private Limited		Fellow Subsidiary Of Ultimate Holding Company				
8	Chandresh Parikh	Director				
9	Atil C Parikh	Director				
10	Rajesh C Parikh	Director				

# (b) Transactions With Related Parties

# Financial Year 2019-20:

Name Of Related Party	Sales Of Goods	Rent Payment	Interest Paid	Directors' Sitting Fees	O/S Bal (Dr / (Cr))
20 Micrors Ltd.	1,98,000	15,00,000			(1,71,21,789)
20 Microns Nano Minerals Ltd.			32,88,865		(6,67,29,816)
Chandresh S. Parikh				20,000	(20,000)
Atil C Parikh				15,000	(15,000)
Rajesh C. Parikh				15,000	(15,000)

# Financial Year 2018-19:

Name Of Related Party	Remuneration	Purchase Of Material	Rent Paid	Loan & Advances Balance (Asset)	O/S Bal (Dr / (Cr))
20 Microns Ltd.		73,51,266	15,00,000	100	(1,60,59,689)
20 Microns Nano Minerals Ltd.	×	15,08,000	Tes		(6,34,69,840)
20 Micorns SDN 8HD	- 2		36	- 4	
20 Micorns FZE	- 4	9	II le	343	
20 Micorns Vietnam	6		-	3	-
Chandresh Parikh	15,000		1		(13,500)
Atil C Parikh	15,000	-			(13,500)
Rajesh C Pankh	20,000	-			(18,000)

For N C Vaishnav & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN - 112712W

CA. Jayesh Mehta Partner

M. No. - 37267

Place - Vadodara

Director DIN 00041584 Place – Vadodara

For and on behalf of the board of

Silicate Minerals (I) Private Limited

Mr. Chandresh S. Parikh Mr. Rajesh C. Parikh Director Director

DIN 00041610